論文

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**Interfacial Fracture Toughness Measurement of Composite/metal Bonding** 

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## **ABSTRACT**

Prediction of the load-bearing capacity of an adhesive-bonded joint is of practical importance for engineers. This paper introduces interface fracture mechanics approach to predict the load-bearing capacity of composite/metal bonded joints. The adhesion strength of composite/steel bonding is evaluated in terms of the energy release rate of an interfacial crack and the fracture toughness of the interface. Virtual crack closure technique (VCCT) is used to calculate energy release rates, and bi-material end-notched flexure (ENF) specimens are devised to measure the interfacial fracture toughness. Bi-material ENF specimens gave consistent mode II fracture toughness ( $G_{Hc}$ ) values of the composite/steel interface regardless of the thickness of specimens. The critical energy release rates of double-lap joints showed a good agreement with the measured fracture toughness. Therefore, the energy -based interfacial fracture characterization can be a practical engineering tool for predicting the load-bearing capacity of bonded joints.

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가
                      1.
                                                                   (energy release rate, G)
                                                                                                                    (G_c)
                                                                                                        . Anderson
                                                                                                           가
                                                               DeVries [5-6]
                                                                                         가
                                                                                                Qian [8]
                                                                                  Reedy [7]
                                             가 가
                 (adhesive-bonding)
                                                                        (butt joint)
                                     가
                                                                                                   가
            [1-2].
                                                                   가
                                                                                                                 (stress
                                                               intensity factor, K)
                      (adherend)
                                                                                            (K_c)
               (cohesive failure mode)
                                                                              [5-10],
                                              (interfacial
failure mode)
                                                                          Mode I
                                                                        . 가
                                                                                           가
                                                                                                                Mode I
   (stress singularity)
                                                                                        (Mode I)가
                                                                                         Mode I
                                                                                                             (K_{I}, K_{IC})
                                                                                                     (lap joint)
                                                                                                           (Mode II)
                                                                                             , Mode II
                                                                                                  가
                                                                                                                Mode I
                                                   [3-4],
                               (strength based design)
                                                                                                               Mode II
     (crack)
                             (interfacial crack)
                                                                                                     ENF (End-Notched
                                                               Flexure)
                                                   가
                    (fracture mechanics, also known as
damage tolerant design)
                                                                        가
                                                                       (double-lap joint)
[1, 5-10].
                                                                        Mode II
                              Anderson
                                          DeVries $-6]
가
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Fig. 1 Composite/metal double-lap joint.

(frictional contact surface) , . Fig. 3 ENF

Crack tip composite

composite

steel

Fig. 3 Finite element model for a composite/steel interfacial crack.

3.

3.1 (co-cure

bonding process) ,

Fig. 1 / ASTM D3528 (Fig. 4). (SM45C)

/ 0.15mm

(SK SkyFlex, USN150B) 16

([0<sub>16</sub>]<sub>T</sub>) .

sandpaper #60

(Epoxy release agent ER-650, CNA, Korea)

 $(a_0)$  5, 10, 15, 20 mm

(MTS-815) 가 1mm/min .

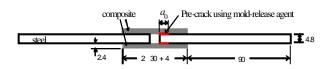


Fig. 4 Dimensions of a double-lap joint with pre-crack s.

## 3.2 Mode II

Mode II ,  $G_{IIc}$ ENF . ENF Russell Street [14] 7\ Mode II Mode II

[15]. ENF

(Fig. 5).

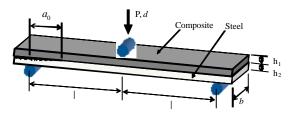


Fig. 5 Schematics of the composite/metal ENF specimen.

ENF 가 ENF

(beam theory)

Castigliano

(U)

$$\mathbf{d} = \frac{\partial U}{\partial P} \tag{4}$$

ENF

(5)

$$U = \int_{0}^{2\ell} \frac{1}{2} \frac{M^{2}}{EI} dx = \int_{0}^{a_{0}} \frac{M_{1}^{2}}{2E_{1}I_{1}} dx + \int_{0}^{a_{0}} \frac{M_{2}^{2}}{2E_{2}I_{2}} dx + \int_{a_{0}}^{2\ell} \frac{M^{2}}{2(EI)_{\text{eff}}} dx$$
(5)

, *I*<sub>2</sub> ,  $(EI)_{eff}$ 가  $M_1$ 

 $M(M = M_1 + M_2).$ 

(M)

$$\left(\frac{h_{_1}}{h_{_2}} = \left(\frac{E_{_2}}{E_{_1}}\right)^{\frac{1}{2}}\right).$$



Fig. 6 3-point bend test of a bi-material ENF specimen.

ENF

(6)

 $C = \frac{\mathbf{d}}{P} = \frac{a^3}{12(E_1I_1 + E_2I_2)} + \frac{(2L^3 - a^3)}{12(EI)_{\text{eff}}}$ (6) **ENF** 

Mode II

$$G_{II}^{BT} = \frac{P^2}{2b} \frac{dC}{da} = \frac{9P^2a^2}{8b^2(E_1h_1^3 + E_2h_2^3)}$$
(7)

[15].

$$G_{HC} = \frac{9P_c^2 a^2}{8b^2 (E_1 h_1^3 + E_2 h_2^3)} \left( \boldsymbol{a} + \boldsymbol{b} \left( \frac{H}{a} \right)^2 \right)$$
(8)

가

4.

(unstable crack propagation), 가 5

가



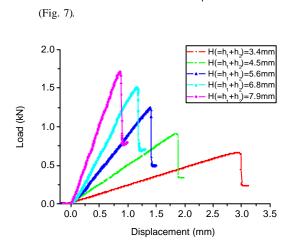
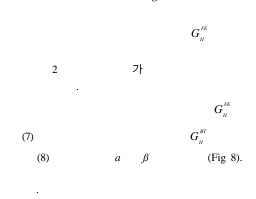


Fig. 7 Load-deflection curves of bi -material ENF specimens. Specimens with five different thicknesses were tested to measure the fracture toughness of the interface.



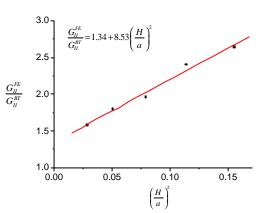


Fig. 8 Beam theory correction parameter determination using finite element analysis.

(Fig. 9).

**'**}

가

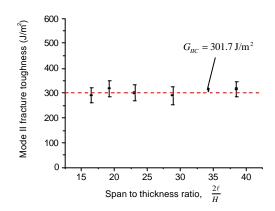


Fig. 9 Measured fracture toughness according to different span-to-thickness ratios (2l/H). Each thickness group was tested on more than five specimens.

301.7 J/m<sup>2</sup>

USN150/ )

ENF

가

가 Fig. 10

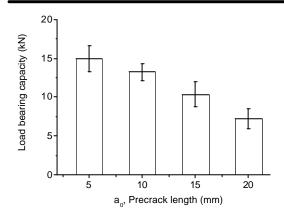


Fig. 10 Load-bearing capacity of double-lap joints with various pre-crack lengths.

가 가

(Fig. 11).

ENF

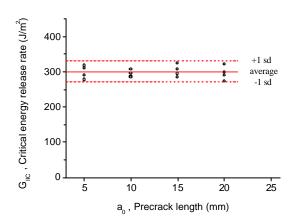


Fig. 11 Critical energy release rates of double-lap joints are within the standard deviation range of the measured interfacial fracture toughness.

ENF 가 가 가

가

(Fig.

12). ENF

기 Mode (Mode I) (Mode II ) 기

. ENF

가 가

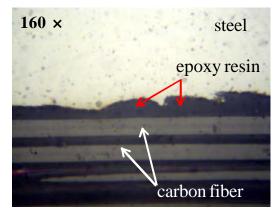


Fig. 12 Co-cure bonded composite/metal interface.

5.

Mode II

**ENF** 가 **ENF ENF** 가 가 Mode II (single-lap joint) (Mode I) (Mode II) 2008 . (No. R01-2007-000-20655-0)

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